

1

00:00:00,000 --> 00:00:07,440

In 1976, the Viking mission to Mars sent back the first high-resolution photographs ever

2

00:00:07,440 --> 00:00:10,240

taken of the Martian surface.

3

00:00:10,240 --> 00:00:15,440

Since then, two additional missions have attempted to get even closer, but both have failed.

4

00:00:15,440 --> 00:00:20,080

In 1990, a Russian Mars probe named Phobos disappeared.

5

00:00:20,080 --> 00:00:26,640

And in 1993, a U.S. probe, the Mars Observer, met a similar fate.

6

00:00:26,640 --> 00:00:32,640

The unmanned Mars Observer carried some of the most sophisticated equipment ever sent into space.

7

00:00:32,640 --> 00:00:39,440

The Observer's mission was to conduct a comprehensive photographic survey of Earth's nearest planetary neighbor, Mars.

8

00:00:39,440 --> 00:00:44,080

But while on approach to the Martian surface, the Observer failed.

9

00:00:44,080 --> 00:00:51,840

Curiously, one area the probe was supposed to be photographing at the time was a controversial region called Sedonia.

10

00:00:51,840 --> 00:00:57,520

Pictures taken in 1976 seem to show artificial structures in this area.

11

00:00:57,520 --> 00:01:03,600

Just when the Observers seemed to be moving in for a closer look, NASA said technical malfunction.

12

00:01:03,600 --> 00:01:05,040

No more pictures.

13

00:01:05,040 --> 00:01:11,840

It's quite possible that NASA knows more about anomalous structures on Mars, possible

extraterrestrials,

14

00:01:11,840 --> 00:01:16,000

even structures on our moon that they're not telling us about.

15

00:01:16,000 --> 00:01:23,600

There is sufficient evidence to indicate that some of the objects on Mars may possibly be artificial.

16

00:01:23,600 --> 00:01:27,600

NASA's position is that nothing has been constructed on the surface of Mars.

17

00:01:27,600 --> 00:01:34,720

The face and pyramids that appear in the 1976 pictures are just tricks of light and shadow.

18

00:01:34,720 --> 00:01:39,440

But these computer-enhanced 3D images seem to disprove NASA's claims.

19

00:01:39,440 --> 00:01:45,920

They show that the face on Mars is clearly visible, no matter where it is in relation to the Sun.

20

00:01:46,000 --> 00:01:52,160

I was quite interested with the first photos and release of the face on Mars.

21

00:01:52,160 --> 00:01:56,640

But particularly, I thought it was interesting the pyramidal structures.

22

00:01:56,640 --> 00:02:03,200

Some of these pyramids appear to have even a central stairway running up and down them.

23

00:02:03,200 --> 00:02:09,200

The more we look at these structures, the more we can see that there's something amazing here.

24

00:02:09,200 --> 00:02:15,600

Some researchers believe that NASA is withholding important photos and data taken in the Sedonia region.

25

00:02:15,600 --> 00:02:23,920

They suggest NASA created the Observer malfunction story to hide what could be the greatest archaeological discovery of all time.

26

00:02:23,920 --> 00:02:28,800

Some people want to go far beyond the edge of what's accepted in terms of imagery.

27

00:02:28,800 --> 00:02:34,560

Sea patterns on the rocks of Mars or on the moon or in the rings of Saturn.

28

00:02:34,560 --> 00:02:40,560

My view to that is mausoleum tough. Go ahead, do it. Try it out. Make your proposals.

29

00:02:40,640 --> 00:02:46,720

Stan McDaniel is a retired professor who has conducted an in-depth study of the Mars structures.

30

00:02:46,720 --> 00:02:52,160

He is intrigued by the seemingly deliberate placement of the face in relation to the pyramids.

31

00:02:52,160 --> 00:03:00,400

These objects, if you measure carefully from the tops of the five that surround this city square point,

32

00:03:01,120 --> 00:03:03,920

you find an almost perfectly symmetrical pentagon.

33

00:03:04,560 --> 00:03:09,680

If NASA does have new information about these reportedly artificial structures on Mars,

34

00:03:10,320 --> 00:03:12,640

why are they hiding it from the public?

35

00:03:12,640 --> 00:03:18,560

An advisory report from the Brookings Institution, a Washington DC-based think tank, may hold the answer.

36

00:03:19,600 --> 00:03:27,760

There is a section on what might occur if evidence of extraterrestrial existence was found on other planets.

37

00:03:27,760 --> 00:03:35,360

They said that NASA or the government might want to consider keeping the information from the public.

38

00:03:36,000 --> 00:03:42,320

The reason being that it could cause widespread social unrest and possible deterioration of government control.

39

00:03:43,360 --> 00:03:46,640

The official NASA position is that there is no cover-up.

40

00:03:46,640 --> 00:03:51,840

They insist Mars observers suffered a catastrophic electrical failure, rendering it inoperable.

41

00:03:53,360 --> 00:03:58,080

It did not lose transmission. They turned it off.

42

00:03:59,040 --> 00:04:05,600

They turned it off after the instructions for going into orbit had been uploaded to the spacecraft.

43

00:04:06,320 --> 00:04:11,200

It was possible then that the spacecraft would go ahead, follow out those instructions, and go into orbit.

44

00:04:11,200 --> 00:04:16,000

Before we start saying how these rocket scientists messed up, and they did mess up,

45

00:04:16,640 --> 00:04:19,600

we have to keep realizing just how tough these projects are.

46

00:04:20,320 --> 00:04:23,600

That we're doing things out there in space every time we do it.

47

00:04:24,160 --> 00:04:28,400

That no one even thought was possible a few years or decades ago.

48

00:04:28,400 --> 00:04:31,280

These are really incredibly tough missions to accomplish.

49

00:04:32,240 --> 00:04:37,520

The debate may end in 1996, when NASA plans on launching a new Mars probe.

50

00:04:38,160 --> 00:04:44,640

This may be the second chance ufologists are hoping will prove the existence of an ancient civilization on Mars.

51

00:04:46,880 --> 00:04:51,600

In addition to the formations on Mars, one research group is studying what appear to be

52

00:04:51,680 --> 00:04:53,920

strange structures on the surface of the moon.

53

00:04:54,800 --> 00:04:58,800

This photograph of the lunar surface shows two geometric shapes.

54

00:04:58,800 --> 00:05:06,640

The circle could be a crater, but the triangle seems unlike any other naturally occurring formations that we know on the moon.